

COURSE OUTLINE

GEOL 211

GEOCHEMISTRY

90 HOURS 3 CREDITS

PREPARED BY:		DATE:	
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APPROVED BY:		DATE:	
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YUKON COLLEGE

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Course Outline prepared by Joel Cubley, 10 September 2014.

Yukon College P.O. Box 2799 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 5K4

APPLIED SCIENCE AND MANAGAMENT DIVISION Geochemistry 3 Credit Course

Winter, 2015

GEOCHEMISTRY

INSTRUCTOR: TBA **OFFICE HOURS:** TBA

OFFICE LOCATION: TBA **CLASSROOM:** Lecture in A2605, Lab in A2803

E-MAIL: TBA TIME: Lecture on Mon. & Wed. 9AM to 10:30AM

Lab on Fridays 9:00AM to 12:00PM

TELEPHONE: TBA **DATES:** January 5th to April 24th, 2015

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course examines the chemical processes characteristic of specific geological settings, with an emphasis placed on the processes governing elemental differentiation, migration, and distribution. Discussion topics include high and low temperature fluid-rock interaction, aqueous geochemistry, stable and radiogenic isotopes, thermodynamics and kinetics, biogeochemistry, and solid-Earth geochemistry. Students will be introduced to common analytical techniques for determining whole rock, mineral, soil, and water compositions.

Laboratory exercises will focus on the application of geochemistry to the mining industry, both in mineral exploration and environmental monitoring and remediation. This will utilize analytical equipment housed at the College, including the atomic absorption (AA) and X-ray fluorescence (XRF) spectrometers. Students will be introduced to common methods of reporting and analyzing geochemical results and will gain an ability to independently assess geochemical results.

PREREQUISITES

Academic mathematics 12 (OR Yukon College equivalent, MATH 060), GEOL105 (Bedrock Geology) and CHEM 110 (Structure of Matter) OR permission from the instructor.

EQUIVALENCY OR TRANSFERABILITY

In progress.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of the course, students will have demonstrated the ability to

- describe the geochemical evolution of the solar system and Earth, and apply chemical concepts to predict the outcome of geologic and tectonic processes
- describe the principles behind common analytical techniques; gather and interpret their own geochemical data using the appropriate instrumentation and data processing techniques
- plan and carry out appropriate mathematical strategies for solving applied geochemical problems
- apply radiogenic isotope systems to fingerprint reservoir compositions and determine the absolute and/or cooling ages of rocks and minerals; use stable isotopes to reconstruct past climatic conditions
- use their understanding of thermodynamics and kinetics to predict mineral and fluid-rock reactions for a geochemical system and given environmental conditions
- apply the fundamental principles of aqueous geochemistry to predict the outcome of fluid-rock interactions and the formation of precipitates, evaporites, and hydrothermal mineral deposits.

DELIVERY METHODS

This course consists of two 1.5-hour lectures per week, plus a 3-hour weekly lab section. Lectures will be conducted primarily in the classroom setting, but will also utilize lab and computer lab facilities as required. Lab sections will be held in the Geological Technology Laboratory (T1090).

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Attendance and Participation

Students are strongly encouraged to attend all lectures and lab classes. Hands-on exercises conducted during class time cannot be completed after-hours unless prior permission from the instructor is obtained.

Assignments

The main assessments for this course are weekly lab assignments. Lab sections are intended to give students the opportunity to apply their geochemistry knowledge to real-world, applied problems in the mineral exploration, mining and environmental geoscience fields. These activities will utilize Yukon examples and case studies wherever appropriate. Lab assignments will be due at the start of the next lab class unless otherwise indicated by the instructor. Successful completion of these lab assignments is critical for understanding and reinforcing course material.

Each student must complete a semester-long, whole-rock geochemistry and partial-digestion assay analysis project by the end of the winter semester.

Tests/Exams

There will be two lecture exams in this course: a midterm lecture exam delivered during class time approximately halfway through the course, and a final lecture exam administered during the final exam period. Competencies in hands-on lab work will be assessed throughout the course and are not targeted during a formal exam. A student must pass both the lab and lecture components to receive course credit.

EVALUATION

Tests and Assignments	Weight	Dates	
Weekly lab assignments	50% (10 assignments, 5%	Each assignment is due at the	
	apiece)	start of the following lab	
		period.	
Midterm lecture exam	10%	Scheduled during regular	
		lecture time.	
Final lecture exam	20%	During the final exam period.	
Rock analysis project	20%	Due at the end of the final	
		exam period.	
Total	100%		

The letter-grading scheme used in this course is the standard Yukon College scheme.

TEXTBOOKS AND MATERIALS

There is one required textbook for this course, as well as recommended textbooks that will be utilized on a limited basis throughout the course. All texts are available on reserve at the Yukon College Library.

Required textbook

Albarède F. 2009. Geochemistry: an introduction. 2nd ed. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press. 355 p.

Recommended textbooks

Faure G. 1998. Principles and applications of geochemistry. 2nd ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, Inc. 600 p.

White WM. 2013. Geochemistry. New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell. 668 p.

PLAGIARISM

Plagiarism is a serious academic offence. Plagiarism occurs when students present the words of someone else as their own. Plagiarism can be the deliberate use of a whole piece of another person's writing, but more frequently it occurs when students fail to acknowledge and document sources from which they have taken material. Whenever the words, research or ideas of others are directly quoted or paraphrased, they must be documented according to an accepted manuscript style (e.g., APA, CSE, MLA, etc.). Resubmitting a paper which has previously received credit is also considered plagiarism. Students who plagiarize material for assignments will receive a mark of zero (F) on the assignment and may fail the course. Plagiarism may also result in dismissal from a program of study or the College.

ACADEMIC ACCOMMODATION

Reasonable accommodations are available for students requiring an academic accommodation to fully participate in this class. These accommodations are available for students with a documented disability, chronic condition or any other grounds specified in Section 8.0 of the Yukon College Academic Regulations (available on the Yukon College website). It is the student's responsibility to seek these accommodations. If a student requires an academic accommodation, he/she should contact the Learning Assistance Centre (LAC) at (867) 668-8785 or lassist@yukoncollege.yk.ca.

COURSE TOPIC OUTLINE

Module	Topic			
1	Properties of elements: periodic table, chemical bonding, states of matter,			
	geochemical classifications, elemental reservoirs, nuclei, radioactivity.			
2	Mass conservation and elemental fractionation: conservation of mass, elemental			
	fractionation, films and interfaces, distillation processes.			
3	Stable isotopes: principles of fractionation in hydrological and biological systems,			
	delta notation; isotope geothermometry, stable isotopes in hydrothermal systems and			
	ore deposits, stable isotopes in the mantle and magmatic systems, paleoclimatology.			
4	Radiogenic isotopes and geochronology: decay systems and their applications,			
	cosmogenic and fossil isotopes, isochrons, radiogenic tracers.			
5	Element transport: reaction kinetics and reaction rates, relationship between kinetics			
	and thermodynamics, advection, adsorption, diffusion, concept of closure temperature,			
	kinetics of dissolution and leaching.			
6	Geochemical systems: single-reservoir dynamics, interaction of multiple reservoirs,			
	mixing and stirring.			
7	Aquatic chemistry: acid-base reactions, speciation and complexation in solutions,			
	electrolyte chemistry, dissolution and precipitation reactions, clays and clay			
	properties, interaction of mineral surfaces with solutions, the carbonate system, marine			
	chemistry.			
8	Biogeochemistry: the geological record, organic compounds and their nomenclature,			
	important biochemical processes and the chemical properties of organic molecules,			
	biominerals and biomarkers, biological controls on the ocean-atmosphere system,			
	carbon cycle and climate.			
9	Mineral reactions: early diagenetic reactions, diagenesis of organic material,			
10	hydrothermal reactions, metamorphism, water/rock ratios.			
10	Solid-Earth geochemistry: distribution of trace elements between coexisting phases,			
	factors governing the value of partition coefficients, geochemical variability of			
	magmas, mantle and crustal melting, magmatism at specific tectonic sites, mantle			
11	convection and geochemical reservoirs, growth of continental crust.			
11	Earth in the solar system: formation of elements and nucleosynthesis, formation of the solar system, condensation of planetery material, composition of Earth and its			
	the solar system, condensation of planetary material, composition of Earth and its ongoing differentiation, origin of seawater.			
12	Methods for geochemical analysis: atomic absorption spectroscopy, X-ray			
12	fluorescence spectroscopy, electron microprobe analysis (wavelength and energy-			
	dispersive spectroscopy), mass spectrometry (ICP-MS, TIMS), Raman spectroscopy.			
	dispersive spectroscopy), mass spectrometry (10.1-1915), realital spectroscopy.			